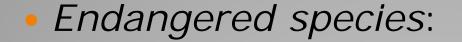
## Why Manage Endangered Species?

Andrea Hazelton, Botanist & Eddie Benally, Wildlife Conservation Officer

Navajo Nation Department of Fish and Wildlife





# A species of animal or plant that is at risk of extinction

• Extinction:



#### No longer in existence

### What is an Endangered Species?



No longer exists in a certain area

• Threatened species:

Likely to become endangered in the foreseeable future



#### What is an Endangered Species?

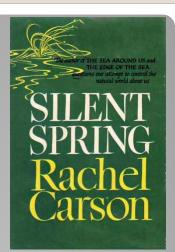
- *Silent Spring* published 1962
- Brought public attention to environmental problems of pesticide use
- Linked DDT use and bird population declines
- Raptor populations recovered following 1972 ban on DDT

Beginnings





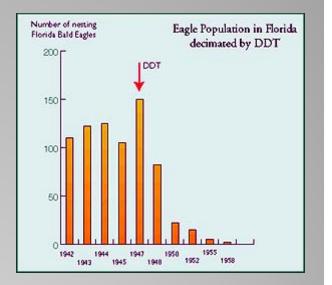
The Blue Marble from Apollo 17, 1972

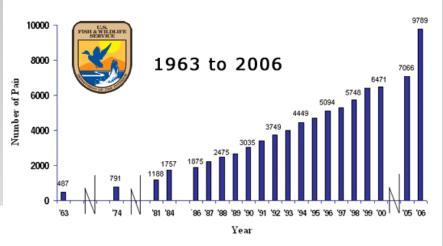


- Sometimes things we do have unintended consequences for plants, animals, and the environment
- Someone needs to keep an eye on the big picture
- 1970's: U.S. decided as a society this damage is not OK
  - National Environmental Policy Act
  - Endangered Species Act

esson Learned

- Clean Water Act
- Clean Air Act





- Damage or destruction of habitat
  Habitat = a plant or animal's "home"
- Overutilization (People kill too many)
  - Hunting
  - Collecting for medicine or science
- Disease or predation
- Other factors that are harder to predict
- Often a combination of factors



#### **Reasons Species Face Extinction**

 1991: First NESL Approved (Navajo Endangered Species List)

 "Take" of these species is illegal under Navajo Nation Code (23 N.N.C.)

Endangered Species on the Navajo Nation